Cloud Virtual Machine

Pruchasing Guidelines

Product Introduction





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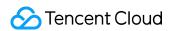
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Pruchasing Guidelines

Price List

You can click <u>CVM Price Calculator</u> to see the price of your desired product portfolio, estimate resource costs, add purchase budget lists, and carry out one-key purchase.

Note: To ensure the accuracy of prices, please log in first.

Instance Price Schedule

Disk Price Schedule

Network Price Schedule



Purchasing Channels

The CVM supports two purchase modes: official website purchase and API purchase. This section will detail these two purchase modes.

Official website purchase

All users can purchase CVMs on the official website of Tencent Cloud. By billing mode, users can purchase postpaid (billing in seconds, settled every hour). For details, see <u>Billing Instructions</u>. For official website purchase of CVMs, click <u>here</u>. In the following section, we will introduce official purchase of CVMs.

Postpaid

- 1) Log in to <u>Tencent Cloud Service Purchase page</u>.
- 2) For the billing mode on the Purchase page, you can choose "Postpaid".
- 3) Choose the region, CVM type, and select hardware, bandwidth or traffic as needed. Then you can confirm the order.
 - Pay by Bandwidth is recommended for those users with stable network conditions. If you select fixed bandwidth, there is no limit on traffic, and the billing mode is "Hardware + Bandwidth" (fixed fee, settled every hour).
 - Pay by Traffic is recommended for those users with highly fluctuating network conditions. If
 you select pay-by-traffic, you are free to choose the peak bandwidth, and the billing mode is
 "Hardware (fixed fee, settled every hour) + Traffic (according to the actual traffic consumed)".
- 4) You can pay for orders via the account balance and credit cards.
- 5) The CVM is activated after you pay for the order. 10 minutes later you can see the IP address, through which you can perform login management. (After activating postpaid CVMs, make sure that



your account has sufficient balance)

Purchase via API

For API purchase of CVMs, see the API document Create Postpaid Instances.



Purchase CVM Instances

Pricing Modes

Tencent Cloud CVM offers pricing model:pay-per-use, which are designed respectively for user needs in different scenarios.

1. Postpaid

For postpaid CVMs, you can activate/terminate them at any time and pay accroding to your actual usage. Billing reference period is accurate to seconds. Advance payment is not required and settlement is made every hour on the hour. Applicable to online scare buying and other scenarios with highly fluctuating equipment demands.

When you activate a postpaid CVM instance, the system will freeze in advance one-hour hardware (including CPU, memory, and data disk) fees for the CVM and make settlement every hour on the hour (Beijing time, based on your last-hour actual CVM usage. The hourly unit price of CVM instances is displayed upon purchase, and settlement is made by actual seconds, with costs rounded to two decimal places. Billing starts at the point when the CVM instance is created successfully, and ends at the point when you initiate a termination operation.

One-hour fees will be frozen when a postpaid CVM is created. When you adjust configuration of the postpaid CVM, the system unfreeze the already frozen fees and freeze another fees based on the unit price of the new configuration. When the CVM instance is terminated, the frozen fees become unfrozen.

Billing in seconds, no cost waste

Billing starts when the CVM instance is created successfully, and ends when you initiate a termination operation.





Click the links below for more information on pay-per-use instructions.

For prices of postpaid CVM instances, see here

For configuration of postpaid CVM instances, see here

For expiration reminder for postpaid CVMs, see here

For adjusting instance configuration of postpaid CVMs, see here



Notes for Purchasing from Console

Purchase CVMs on Console

This section introduces special notes for purchasing CVMs on the Console. To learn about how to purchase CVMs on th console, please refer to the CVM purchase guide:

For the guide on Windows CVM purchase, click here

For the guide on Linux CVM purchase, click here

Purchase history

Purchase history supports displaying your recent 10 purchase records. With it, you can achieve one-key purchase of the same configuration, to simplify the purchase path.

- Supports pulling your recent 10 purchase records.
- Select the configuration you want to purchase. After passing the configuring check, go directly to Step 3 of the purchase page and simply configure the CVM settings (purchase quantity, duration, host name, password, security group) to complete the purchase.
- If the configuration/image in purchase history is off shelve, the configuration check fails. Try to purchase another configuration.

Note: Currently purchase history for postpaid services is not supported. Please look forward to feature upgrades.



Quota for CVM Instances

1. Purchase restrictions for postpaid CVM instances

- 1) Before purchasing postpaid CVMs, you need to go to <u>User Center</u> for identity verification.
- 2) When purchasing postpaid CVM instances, note that the following features are not supported:
 - Agent payment
 - Voucher consumption
 - · Unconditional refund within five days
 - Switch to Annual/Monthly Package mode
 - · CVMs with shared cores
 - Bandwidth package users, postpaid users
- 3) Each user has a quota for the total number of postpaid CVMs in each availability zone:

| Guangzhou | Guangzhou | Shanghai | Beijing Zone 1 | Hong Kong | Singapore | North |
|-----------|-----------|----------|----------------|-----------|-----------|--------------|
| Zone 2 | Zone 3 | Zone 1 | | Zone 1 | Zone 1 | America Zone |
| | | | | | | 1 |
| 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 20 | 30 | 20 |



Price of CVM Instance

CVM instances include hardware (CPU, memory), disk (system disk, data disk) and network. You can purchase these resources on the Purchase page.

1. Postpaid

This section describes the pricing rules for postpaid CVMs.

From November 13, 2017, postpaid CVMs did not support tiered pricing. Newly purchased and existing CVM instances shall refer to the new pricing standards. Under the new pricing program, you can save more money for longer usage.

Note

- 1.The postpaid arrears program remains unchanged. Learn about the Arrears Program for Postpaid 2.Unit:USD/hour.
- 3.No discounts for postpaid CVMs.



Configure CVM Instances

In the following section, we will describe the CVM configurations in each availability zone. For more information on each instance type, refer to <u>Instance Types</u>. By underlying hardware, Tencent Cloud currently provides two instance series: Series 1 and Series 2. Different instance series have the following instance types:

Current-generation instance type: standard S2, high-I/O I2, memory type M2, computing type C2 Last-generation instance type: standard S1, High-I/O I1, memory type M1

Instance Series 2

Instance Series 2 currently only supports purchase in South China (Guangzhou) - Guangzhou Zone 3 and East China (Shanghai) - Shanghai Zone 1.

To purchase, click <u>here</u>.

1. South China (Guangzhou) – Guangzhou Zone 3

1.1. Standard S2

| CPU (Core) | Memory (GB) | Local hard disk (GB) | Cloud disk (GB) | SSD cloud disk (GB) |
|------------|-------------|----------------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| 1 | 1, 2, 4 | 0-500 | 0-16000 | 250-4000 |
| 2 | 4, 8 | 0-500 | 0-16000 | 250-4000 |
| 4 | 8, 16 | 0-500 | 0-16000 | 250-4000 |
| 8 | 16, 32 | 0-500 | 0-16000 | 250-4000 |
| 12 | 24, 48 | 0-500 | 0-16000 | 250-4000 |
| 16 | 32, 48 | 0-800 | 0-16000 | 250-4000 |
| 24 | 48, 56 | 0-1200 | 0-16000 | 250-4000 |
| 32 | 64, 120 | 0-1600 | 0-16000 | 250-4000 |

1.2. High-I/O I2

| CPU (Core) | Memory (GB) | Local SSD hard disk (GB) |
|------------|-------------|--------------------------|
| 2 | 4, 8, 16 | 50-500 |
| 4 | 8, 16, 32 | 50-500 |
| 8 | 16, 24, 32 | 100-500 |
| | | |



| CPU (Core) | Memory (GB) | Local SSD hard disk (GB) |
|------------|-------------|--------------------------|
| 12 | 24, 48 | 500-1500 |
| 16 | 32, 64 | 500-2500 |
| 24 | 96 | 3000 |
| 32 | 120 | 4000 |

1.3. Memory type M2

| CPU (Core) | Memory (GB) | Local hard disk (GB) | Cloud disk (GB) | SSD cloud disk (GB) |
|------------|-------------|----------------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| 1 | 8 | 0-500 | 0-16000 | 250-4000 |
| 2 | 16 | 0-500 | 0-16000 | 250-4000 |
| 4 | 32 | 0-500 | 0-16000 | 250-4000 |
| 8 | 64 | 0-500 | 0-16000 | 250-4000 |
| 12 | 96 | 0-500 | 0-16000 | 250-4000 |
| 16 | 128 | 0-800 | 0-16000 | 250-4000 |
| 24 | 192 | 0-1200 | 0-16000 | 250-4000 |
| 32 | 256 | 0-1800 | 0-16000 | 250-4000 |
| 48 | 384 | 0-2500 | 0-16000 | 250-4000 |

1.4. Computing type C2

| CPU (Core) | Memory (GB) | Local SSD hard disk (GB) | SSD cloud disk (GB) |
|------------|-------------|--------------------------|---------------------|
| 4 | 8, 16, 32 | 50- 500 | 250-4000 |
| 8 | 16 , 32 | 100-500 | 250-4000 |
| 16 | 32 , 60 | 200-800 | 250-4000 |
| 32 | 120 | 1000 | - |

2. East China (Shanghai) - Shanghai Zone 1

| CPU (Core) | Memory (GB) | Local hard disk (GB) | Cloud disk (GB) | SSD cloud disk (GB) |
|------------|-------------|----------------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| 1 | 1, 2, 4 | 0-500 | 0-4000 | 250-4000 |
| 2 | 4, 8 | 0-500 | 0-4000 | 250-4000 |
| 4 | 8, 16 | 0-500 | 0-4000 | 250-4000 |
| 8 | 16, 32 | 0-500 | 0-4000 | 250-4000 |
| 12 | 24, 48 | 0-500 | 0-4000 | 250-4000 |
| | | | | |



| CPU (Core) | Memory (GB) | Local hard disk (GB) | Cloud disk (GB) | SSD cloud disk (GB) |
|------------|-------------|----------------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| 16 | 32, 48 | 0-800 | 0-4000 | 250-4000 |
| 24 | 48, 56 | 0-1200 | 0-4000 | 250-4000 |
| 32 | 64, 120 | 0-1600 | 0-4000 | 250-4000 |

| CPU (Core) | Memory (GB) | Local SSD hard disk (GB) |
|------------|-------------|--------------------------|
| 2 | 4, 8, 16 | 50-500 |
| 4 | 8, 16, 32 | 50-500 |
| 8 | 16, 24, 32 | 100-500 |
| 12 | 24, 48 | 500-1500 |
| 16 | 32, 64 | 500-2500 |
| 24 | 96 | 3000 |
| 32 | 120 | 4000 |

2.3. Memory type M2

| CPU (Core) | Memory (GB) | Local hard disk (GB) | Cloud disk (GB) | SSD cloud disk (GB) |
|------------|-------------|----------------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| 1 | 8 | 0-500 | 0-4000 | 250-4000 |
| 2 | 16 | 0-500 | 0-4000 | 250-4000 |
| 4 | 32 | 0-500 | 0-4000 | 250-4000 |
| 8 | 64 | 0-500 | 0-4000 | 250-4000 |
| 12 | 96 | 0-500 | 0-4000 | 250-4000 |
| 16 | 128 | 0-800 | 0-4000 | 250-4000 |
| 24 | 192 | 0-1200 | 0-4000 | 250-4000 |
| 32 | 256 | 0-1800 | 0-4000 | 250-4000 |
| 48 | 384 | 0-2500 | 0-4000 | 250-4000 |
| | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | • | |

2.4. Computing type C2

| CPU (Core) | Memory (GB) | Local SSD hard disk (GB) | SSD cloud disk (GB) |
|------------|-------------|--------------------------|---------------------|
| 4 | 8, 16, 32 | 50- 500 | 250-4000 |
| 8 | 16 , 32 | 100-500 | 250-4000 |
| 16 | 32 , 60 | 200-800 | 250-4000 |
| 32 | 120 | 1000 | - |



Instance Series 1

1. South China (Guangzhou) – Guangzhou Zone 1

Sold out, purchase closed

2. South China (Guangzhou) – Guangzhou Zone 2

2.1. Standard S1

| CPU (Core) | Memory (GB) | Local hard disk (GB) | Cloud disk (GB) |
|------------|------------------|----------------------|-----------------|
| 1 | 1, 2, 4 | 0-500 | 0-4000 |
| 2 | 2, 4, 8, 12 | 0-500 | 0-4000 |
| 4 | 4, 8, 12, 16, 24 | 0-500 | 0-4000 |
| 8 | 8, 16, 24, 32 | 0-500 | 0-4000 |
| 12 | 12, 24, 28 | 0-500 | 0-4000 |
| 16 | 16, 32, 48 | 0-800 | 0-4000 |
| 24 | 56 | 1000 | - |

2.2. High-I/O I1

| CPU (Core) | Memory (GB) | Local SSD hard disk (GB) |
|------------|----------------|--------------------------|
| 2 | 4, 8, 16 | 50-250 |
| 4 | 8, 16, 32 | 50-500 |
| 8 | 16, 24, 32, 40 | 100-1000 |
| 12 | 24, 36, 48, 60 | 500-1500 |
| 24 | 120 | 2950 |

3. South China (Guangzhou) – Guangzhou Zone 3

| CPU (Core) | Memory (GB) | Local hard disk (GB) | Cloud disk (GB) | SSD cloud disk (GB) |
|------------|-------------|----------------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| 1 | 1, 2, 4 | 0-500 | 0-16000 | 250-4000 |
| 2 | 2, 4, 8, 12 | 0-500 | 0-16000 | 250-4000 |
| | | | | |



| CPU (Core) | Memory (GB) | Local hard disk (GB) | Cloud disk (GB) | SSD cloud disk (GB) |
|------------|------------------|----------------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| 4 | 4, 8, 12, 16, 24 | 0-500 | 0-16000 | 250-4000 |
| 8 | 8, 16, 24, 32 | 0-500 | 0-16000 | 250-4000 |
| 12 | 12, 24, 48 | 0-500 | 0-16000 | 250-4000 |
| 16 | 16, 32, 48 | 0-800 | 0-16000 | 250-4000 |
| 24 | 24, 48, 56 | 0-1200 | 0-16000 | 250-4000 |
| 32 | 64 | 0-1600 | 0-16000 | 250-4000 |

| CPU (Core) | Memory (GB) | Local SSD hard disk (GB) |
|------------|----------------|--------------------------|
| 2 | 4, 8, 16 | 50-250 |
| 4 | 8, 16, 32 | 50-500 |
| 8 | 16, 24, 32, 40 | 100-1000 |
| 12 | 24, 36, 48, 60 | 500-1500 |
| 16 | 80 | 2350 |
| 24 | 120 | 3000 |
| 32 | 160 | 4800 |
| 48 | 240 | 7200 |

3.3. Memory type M1

| CPU (Core) | Memory (GB) | Local hard disk (GB) | Cloud disk (GB) | SSD cloud disk (GB) |
|------------|-------------|----------------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| 1 | 8 | 0-800 | 0-16000 | 250-4000 |
| 2 | 16 | 0-800 | 0-16000 | 250-4000 |
| 4 | 32 | 0-800 | 0-16000 | 250-4000 |
| 8 | 64 | 0-800 | 0-16000 | 250-4000 |
| 12 | 96 | 0-800 | 0-16000 | 250-4000 |
| 16 | 128 | 0-800 | 0-16000 | 250-4000 |
| 24 | 192 | 0-1200 | 0-16000 | 250-4000 |
| 32 | 256 | 0-1800 | 0-16000 | 250-4000 |
| 48 | 368 | 0-2500 | 0-16000 | 250-4000 |

4. East China (Shanghai) - Shanghai Zone 1



| CPU (Core) | Memory (GB) | Local hard disk (GB) | Cloud disk (GB) |
|------------|------------------|----------------------|-----------------|
| 1 | 1, 2, 4 | 0-500 | 0-4000 |
| 2 | 2, 4, 8, 12 | 0-500 | 0-4000 |
| 4 | 4, 8, 12, 16, 24 | 0-500 | 0-4000 |
| 8 | 8, 16, 24, 32 | 0-500 | 0-4000 |
| 12 | 12, 24, 28 | 0-500 | 0-4000 |
| 16 | 16, 32, 48 | 0-800 | 0-4000 |
| 24 | 56 | 1000 | - |

| CPU (Core) | Memory (GB) | Local SSD hard disk (GB) |
|------------|----------------|--------------------------|
| 2 | 4, 8, 16 | 50-250 |
| 4 | 8, 16, 32 | 50-500 |
| 8 | 16, 24, 32, 40 | 100-1000 |
| 12 | 24, 36, 48, 60 | 500-1500 |
| 24 | 120 | 2950 |

4.3. Memory type M1

| CPU (Core) | Memory (GB) | Local hard disk (GB) | Cloud disk (GB) |
|------------|-------------|----------------------|-----------------|
| 1 | 8 | 0-800 | 0-4000 |
| 2 | 16 | 0-800 | 0-4000 |
| 4 | 32 | 0-800 | 0-4000 |
| 8 | 64 | 0-800 | 0-4000 |
| 12 | 96 | 0-800 | 0-4000 |
| 16 | 128 | 0-800 | 0-4000 |
| 24 | 192 | 0-1200 | 0-4000 |
| 32 | 256 | 0-1800 | 0-4000 |
| 48 | 368 | 0-2500 | 0-4000 |

5. North China (Beijing) - Beijing Zone 1

| CPU (Core) | Memory (GB) | Local hard disk (GB) | Cloud disk (GB) | SSD cloud disk (GB) |
|------------|-------------|----------------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| 1 | 1, 2, 4 | 0-500 | 0-16000 | 250-4000 |



| CPU (Core) | Memory (GB) | Local hard disk (GB) | Cloud disk (GB) | SSD cloud disk (GB) |
|------------|------------------|----------------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| 2 | 2, 4, 8, 12 | 0-500 | 0-16000 | 250-4000 |
| 4 | 4, 8, 12, 16, 24 | 0-500 | 0-16000 | 250-4000 |
| 8 | 8, 16, 24, 32 | 0-500 | 0-16000 | 250-4000 |
| 12 | 12, 24, 48 | 0-500 | 0-16000 | 250-4000 |
| 16 | 16, 32, 48 | 0-800 | 0-16000 | 250-4000 |
| 24 | 24, 48, 56 | 0-1200 | 0-16000 | 250-4000 |
| 32 | 64 | 0-1600 | 0-16000 | 250-4000 |

| CPU (Core) | Memory (GB) | Local SSD hard disk (GB) |
|------------|----------------|--------------------------|
| 2 | 4, 8, 16 | 50-250 |
| 4 | 8, 16, 32 | 50-500 |
| 8 | 16, 24, 32, 40 | 100-1000 |
| 12 | 24, 36, 48, 60 | 500-1500 |
| 16 | 80 | 2350 |
| 24 | 120 | 3550 |
| 32 | 160 | 4800 |
| 48 | 240 | 7200 |

5.3. Memory type M1

| CPU (Core) | Memory (GB) | Local hard disk (GB) | Cloud disk (GB) | SSD cloud disk (GB) |
|------------|-------------|----------------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| 1 | 8 | 0-800 | 0-16000 | 250-4000 |
| 2 | 16 | 0-800 | 0-16000 | 250-4000 |
| 4 | 32 | 0-800 | 0-16000 | 250-4000 |
| 8 | 64 | 0-800 | 0-16000 | 250-4000 |
| 12 | 96 | 0-800 | 0-16000 | 250-4000 |
| 16 | 128 | 0-800 | 0-16000 | 250-4000 |
| 24 | 192 | 0-1200 | 0-16000 | 250-4000 |
| 32 | 256 | 0-1800 | 0-16000 | 250-4000 |
| 48 | 368 | 0-2500 | 0-16000 | 250-4000 |

6. Southeast Asia (Hong Kong) - Hong Kong Zone 1



6.1. Standard S1

| CPU (Core) | Memory (GB) | Local hard disk (GB) | Cloud disk (GB) |
|------------|------------------|----------------------|-----------------|
| 2 | 2, 4, 8, 12, 16 | 0-500 | 0-4000 |
| 4 | 4, 8, 12, 16, 24 | 0-500 | 0-4000 |
| 8 | 8, 16, 24, 32 | 0-500 | 0-4000 |
| 12 | 12, 24, 28 | 0-500 | 0-4000 |
| 16 | 16, 32, 48 | 0-800 | 0-4000 |
| 24 | 56 | 1000 | - |

6.2. High-I/O I1

| CPU (Core) | Memory (GB) | Local SSD hard disk (GB) |
|------------|-------------|--------------------------|
| 2 | 8, 10 | 100-400 |
| 4 | 16, 20 | 200-800 |
| 8 | 32, 40 | 400-1000 |
| 12 | 48, 60 | 600-1500 |
| 24 | 120 | 2950 |

7. Southeast Asia (Singapore) – Singapore Zone 1

7.1. Standard S1

| CPU (Core) | Memory (GB) | Local hard disk (GB) | Cloud disk (GB) | SSD cloud disk (GB) |
|------------|------------------|----------------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| 1 | 1, 2, 4 | 0-500 | 0-16000 | 250-4000 |
| 2 | 2, 4, 8, 12 | 0-500 | 0-16000 | 250-4000 |
| 4 | 4, 8, 12, 16, 24 | 0-500 | 0-16000 | 250-4000 |
| 8 | 8, 16, 24, 32 | 0-500 | 0-16000 | 250-4000 |
| 12 | 12, 24, 48 | 0-500 | 0-16000 | 250-4000 |
| 16 | 16, 32, 48 | 0-800 | 0-16000 | 250-4000 |
| 24 | 24, 48, 56 | 0-1200 | 0-16000 | 250-4000 |
| 32 | 64 | 0-1600 | 0-16000 | 250-4000 |

7.2. High-I/O I1

| CPU (Core) | Memory (GB) | Local SSD hard disk (GB) | |
|------------|-------------|--------------------------|--|
| 2 | 4, 8, 16 | 50-250 | |
| | | | |



| CPU (Core) | Memory (GB) | Local SSD hard disk (GB) |
|------------|----------------|--------------------------|
| 4 | 8, 16, 32 | 50-500 |
| 8 | 16, 24, 32, 40 | 100-1000 |
| 12 | 24, 36, 48, 60 | 500-1500 |
| 16 | 80 | 2350 |
| 24 | 120 | 3000 |
| 32 | 160 | 4800 |
| 48 | 240 | 7200 |

8. North America (Toronto) - Toronto Zone 1

8.1. Standard S1

| CPU (Core) | Memory (GB) | Local hard disk (GB) | Cloud disk (GB) |
|------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|-----------------|
| 1 1(sold out), 2, 4, 8 | | 0-500 | 0-4000 |
| 2 | 2(sold out), 4, 8, 12, 16 | 0-500 | 0-4000 |
| 4 | 4, 8, 12, 16, 24 | 0-500 | 0-4000 |
| 8 | 8, 16, 24, 32 | 0-500 | 0-4000 |
| 12 | 24, 48 | 0-500 | 0-4000 |
| 16 | 32, 48 | 0-800 | 0-4000 |
| 24 | 60 | 1000 | - |

8.2. High-I/O I1

| CPU (Core) | Memory (GB) | Local SSD hard disk (GB) |
|------------|-------------|--------------------------|
| 2 | 10 | 200 |
| 4 | 20 | 400 |
| 8 | 40 | 900 |
| 12 | 60 | 1400 |
| 24 | 120 | 2950 |



Change CVM Specifitaion

Note:

When the local disk is used as the data disk or system disk, hardware (CPU, memory) configuration upgrade/downgrade is unavailable.

When the cloud disk is used as the data disk or system disk, hardware (CPU, memory) configuration adjustment is available.

The configuration upgrade and downgrade mentioned below are in the case where the cloud disk is used as the system disk or data disk.

1. Configuration upgrade

When your need to upgrade the CVM hardware configuration as your business expands, you can adjust the configuration on console. For all CVM types, configuration upgrade becomes effective immediately. That is, when you upgrade the configuration and pay for the possible costs, the CVM runs immediately with the new configuration. Unlimited number of configuration upgrades.

For details, refer to Adjust CVM Instance Configuration

2. Configuration downgrade

When your need to downgrade the CVM hardware configuration as your business shrink, you can adjust the configuration on console. For different types of CVMs, specific downgrade modes vary:

2.1. Postpaid CVMs

Postpaid CVM instances can be degraded any time without limits.



For details, refer to Adjust CVM Instance Configuration



Purchase Storage

Price of Storages

Tencent Cloud provides four types of hard disks: HDD local disk, local SSD disk, HDD cloud disk and SSD cloud disk.

Separate purchase of system disks is not supported. The data disk is purchased along with the master server by checking the corresponding item. The system disk is along with the data disk.

1. Postpaid

Note:

- Unit: USD/100 GB/hour
- This price does not include the price of CVM hardware (CPU, memory) and network

| | age | | | Upper limit | Note | Price |
|--------|-------|---------|---|-------------|--------------------|-------|
| t | | | | | | |
| | type | | | | | |
| Syst I | HDD | USD/100 | - | - | Free: Linux 20 GB, | - |
| em l | local | GB/hour | | | Windows 50 GB | |
| disk d | disk | | | | | |
| Ī | Loca | | | | | |
| I | | | | | | |
| 9 | SSD | | | | | |
| C | disk | | | | | |
| ŀ | HDD | | | | | |
| C | clou | | | | | |
| C | d | | | | | |
| C | disk | | | | | |
| 9 | SSD | | | | | |
| C | clou | | | | | |
| C | d | | | | | |



Pruchasing Guidelines Product Introduction

| | 1 | 1 | | 1 | |
|------|-------|--------|--------------------|---|-------|
| | disk | | | | |
| Data | HDD | 10 GB | Increases with the | - | 0.042 |
| disk | local | | number of CPU | | |
| | disk | | cores of your CVM, | | |
| | | | up to 1000 GB | | |
| | Loca | 10 GB | Increases with the | - | 0.33 |
| | I | | number of CPU | | |
| | SSD | | cores of your CVM, | | |
| | disk | | up to 3000 GB | | |
| | HDD | 10 GB | 4000 GB | - | 0.042 |
| | clou | | | | |
| | d | | | | |
| | disk | | | | |
| | SSD | 250 GB | 4000 GB | - | 0.33 |
| | clou | | | | |
| | d | | | | |
| | disk | | | | |



Change Disk Specification

- For postpaid, if and only if both the system disk and data disk use cloud disks, their configuration can be adjusted.
 - Only data disks support random configuration adjustment, and system disks only support expansion upon system reinstallation.
 - The disk can be expanded only when the CVM on which the disk is mounted is shut down.
 - After disk expansion, you need to manually modify the file system configuration before using the newly added capacity.
 - For the sake of security, the disk capacity can only be expanded, but not reduced.



Network Bandwidth Purchase

Public Network Billing Methods

Tencent Cloud provides BGP multi-line access for all ISPs to ensure the link quality. You can choose based on your business needs.

You can select one of the following billing methods for Tencent Cloud Postpaid servers:

Bill-by-bandwidth

Tencent Cloud charges users according to the public network outbound bandwidth of their CVMs (in Mbps).

Feature: Fees are charged by fixed bandwidth. The price for this method is lower than that of Bill-by-traffic. It is suitable for users consuming stable network bandwidth.

Public network inbound bandwidth:

- If the bandwidth cap is over 10 Mbps, Tencent Cloud assigns the public network inbound bandwidth that is equal to the purchased bandwidth cap.
- If the bandwidth cap is equal to or less than 10 Mbps, Tencent Cloud assigns 10 Mbps public network inbound bandwidth.

Bill-by-traffic

Tencent Cloud charges users according to the public network outbound traffic of their CVMs (in GB). Feature: The billing rule is simple and the service can be used on a pay-per-use basis, to reduce the network cost incurred due to large network fluctuations. To avoid a high cost caused by the traffic surge, you can choose a capped bandwidth. If this limit is exceeded, package loss occurs by default, and no cost is charged.

Note:

If the bandwidth is set to 0 Mbps, the public network IP is not distributed to the CVM instance. In this case, outbound traffic is not supported and the CVM instance cannot be used as public gateway. Please select with caution.



Service Expiration Reminders

1. Expiration reminder for postpaid CVMs



1.1. Balance warning

The system will estimate the period you balance can last every day based on your consumption of the pay-per-use resources under your account and your balance. If the period is less than 5 days, we will push a balance warning message to you. The warning message will be sent by Email and SMS to the Tencent Cloud account creator and all collaborators.

1.2. Arrears warning

For pay-per-use resources, fees are deducted every hour on the hour. When your balance becomes negative (point 1 in the figure above), we will notify Tencent Cloud account creators and all collaborators by Email and SMS.

1.3. Arrears processing

Within 2 hours from the point when your balance becomes negative, your CVM remains usable and continues to deduct fees.

2 hours (point 2 in the above figure) later, your CVM will automatically shut down and stop deducting fees.

Within 24 hours after automatic shutdown, if your balance is not greater than 0, your CVM cannot start; if your balance is greater than 0, billing continues and your CVM can start.

After automatic shutdown, if your negative balance lasts for 24 hours (point 3 in the figure), the postpaid CVM will be reclaimed, and all data will be cleared and cannot be recovered.



When reclaiming the CVM, we will notify the Tencent Cloud account creator and all collaborators by Email and SMS.

Note:

- When you do not use prepaid resources any longer, please terminate them promptly to stop it from charging.
- After a CVM is terminated/reclaimed, its data will be cleared and cannot be recovered.
- When a CVM is isolated (in arrears for more than two hours), its mounting relationship with the Cloud Load Balance will be removed forcedly.
- Your actual resource consumption may constantly change, so balance warning may have some error.

2. Expiration reminder for pay-by-traffic network

2.1. Balance warning

Traffic consumption is highly fluctuated and is very difficult to forecast; therefore, we do not provide balance warning.

2.2. Arrears warning

For pay-by-traffic network, fees are deducted every hour on the hour. When your balance becomes negative, we will notify Tencent Cloud account creators and all collaborators by Email and SMS.

2.3. Arrears processing

Within 2 hours from the point when your balance becomes negative, your pay-by-traffic network remains usable and continues to deduct fees. 2 hours later, your pay-by-traffic network will be out of service.



When your balance becomes positive, the traffic service will be recovered. Check the network settings and restore mounting of load balance on the CVM.